Editors’ commentary
91 Highlights from this issue
P E M Smith, G N Fuller

Reviews
92 Axial muscle weakness
W Waheed, J B Allison, J Dewitt, S Hallman, R Tandan
98 Black blood imaging of intracranial vessel walls
J Chaganti, H Woodford, S Tomlinson, S Dunkerton, B Brew
108 Rhomboencephalitis
J Cleaver, R James, C M Rice
119 New-onset refractory status epilepticus (NORSE)
L Mantoan Ritter, L Nashef

How to do it
128 Acute intracerebral haemorrhage: diagnosis and management
I J McGurgan, W C Ziai, D J Werring, R A Salman, A R Parry-Jones

What neurologists need to understand outside their own speciality
137 Menière’s disease
M A Kutlubaev, I Pyykko, T A Hardy, R Gürkov

A difficult case
143 Refractory CIDP with chronic lymphocytic leukaemia responding to chemoimmunotherapy
D Lewis, C Osman, D Allen, A A Pinto, A Duncombe, H A Katifi

Neuroimaging
147 CLIPPERS
A Iovino, W Del Vecchio, F Aruta, R Iodice

Neurological rarities
149 Young-onset frontotemporal dementia with FUS pathology
M Gowell, I Baker, O Ansorge, M Husain

Test yourself
153 Complex epilepsy: it’s all in the history
157 Dysarthria and ptosis
R Matthews, F Mirza, R Siripurapu, R Ramdass, A R Varma, R Mohanraj

Today’s ward round
161 Double vision and facial palsy
B Meira, M Fernandes, A Caetano, J Costa, A S Correia

Image of the moment
164 Scleromyxoedema, blistering lesions and progressive sensorimotor neuropathy in Waldenström’s macroglobulinaemia
P J Menon, M D Alexander, L Costelloe, J MacMahon, A-M Tobin, R Desmond, S M Murphy
167 Unilateral meningitis: unusual central nervous system involvement in rheumatoid arthritis
C Tortorella, L Prosperini, G Sebastiani, C Gasperini
169 Pituitary apoplexy causing thunderclap headache: easy to miss
J Equiza, J Rodríguez-Antigüedad, D Campo-Caballero, P J Agudo, M Ruibal, P d l Riva, E Garmendia, A Mínguez-Olaondo
171 Anti-GFAP neuroinflammation with synchronous bilateral papillitis and characteristic imaging
W J Utley, A El-Dieb, A M Chancellor

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Caption: Series of coloured sagittal positron emission tomography (PET) scans through the brain of a 78 year old man with frontotemporal dementia. These images show a diffuse atrophy (shrinkage) of the cortical and subcortical areas at the front of the brain. The colour-coded scans show metabolic activity from low (blue) to high (red, pink and white). PET scanning utilises an injected radioactive tracer to reveal variations in metabolic activity in the brain. Frontotemporal dementia is a rare form of dementia that causes behavioural changes and language difficulties.
173  Hyper-religiosity in frontotemporal dementia with predominant atrophy of the right temporal lobe
  M Karatzikou, T Afrantou, D Parissis, P Ioannidis

175  Extensive hemicerebral damage after traumatic midterm amniocentesis
  S Cox, J S Duncan

Book club
177  Grace Williams Says it Loud
  H Bhatt

Carphology
179  Carphology
  A F Ben

ABN news
181  ABN news
  J Lawrence, J Sussman